

PRENATAL Breastfeeding Information Sessions

A collaborative approach to increasing breastfeeding duration





Introduction

400 parents.

Population

early weaning*

provider

Aim

breastfeeding resources

to skin after delivery

discharge

outtake.

health for both mother and baby

supplementation in hospital



Carlington Community Health Centre together with

Community Partners: Pinecrest Queensway CHC, The

Ottawa Hospital, Mothercraft Ottawa, Centretown CHC,

and local primary obstetrical care providers, have been

involved in both the promotion and the delivery of over 60

Clients at risk for experiencing breastfeeding difficulty and

To increase referrals coming from primary obstetrical care

providers to prenatal breastfeeding sessions for clients at

risk for experiencing difficulty, including all primiparous

To increase knowledge of, and referrals to, community

knowledge of the importance of breastfeeding for life long

To increase the initiation and duration of immediate skin

community breastfeeding resources within first week after

To increase breastfeeding duration and exclusivity at

To increase clients' confidence to breastfeed and

To increase knowledge of how to hand express

To increase the number of clients reaching out to

To decrease medically unnecessary formula

89% had a physician as their primary obstetrical care

* See Breastfeeding Matters prescription pad

prenatal breastfeeding sessions reaching approximately

Gillian Szollos, Carlington Community Health Centre 900 Merivale Rd, Ottawa, Ontario

Method

- set up to simplify referrals
- 2 hr long sessions were developed incorporating four key messages: Skin to skin; Hand expression; Community resources; and early, trained, breastfeeding support postpartum (within the first week). These messages were also delivered with WHO BFI messaging around the hazards of commercial formula and participants received both print and web video resources.
- Posters and educational material for patients to inform distributed by partners
- Educational material for primary care providers was created, underscoring their important role in promoting prenatal breastfeeding education to their clients as well as to encourage their clients to establish community resources before they deliver. This included an prescription pad to use as a referral tool with patients

Breastfeeding Matters! Body Mass Index of over 30 ☐ Breast reduction/surgery ☐ Polycystic Ovary Syndrom Scheduled or high risk for Cesarean Birth Use of assisted reproductive technologies Please call today to talk with a lactation consultant who can help you make a plan BEFORE your baby arrives. Free! 613-722-4000 ext 440 Additional support at www.Ottawabreastfeeds.ca Ottawa Public Health Info Line 613-580-6744 This resource has been prepared with funds provided by the Government of Ontario

 Sessions were delivered in the community by lactation consultants who also provide regular community lactation support services at local CHCs

Data Collection

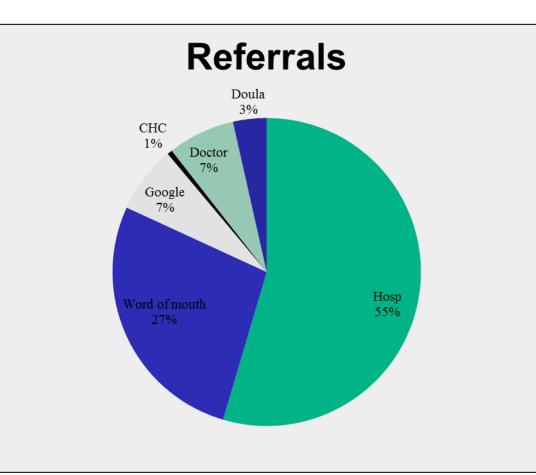
- Initial data was collected at the time of registration
- Surveys were conducted after each prenatal breastfeeding information session
- Outtake interviews were conducted between 6 and 12 weeks postpartum

A centralized phone line and online registration were

- them about the free prenatal information sessions were
- prenatally

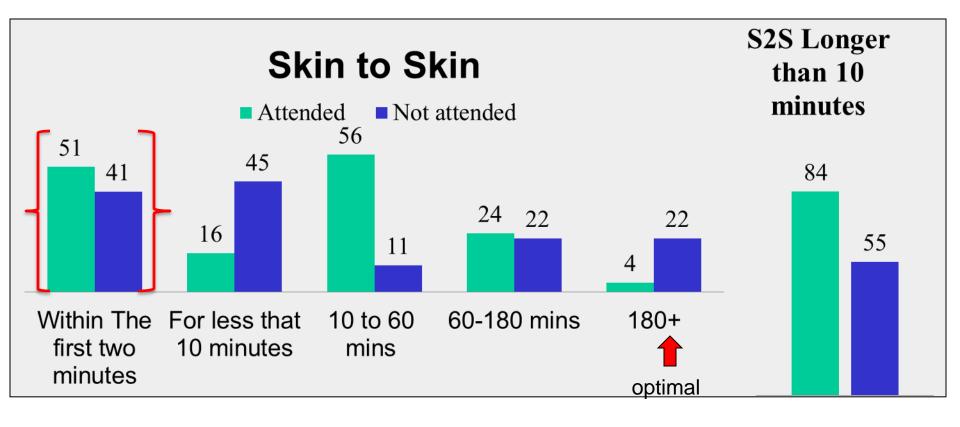
Results

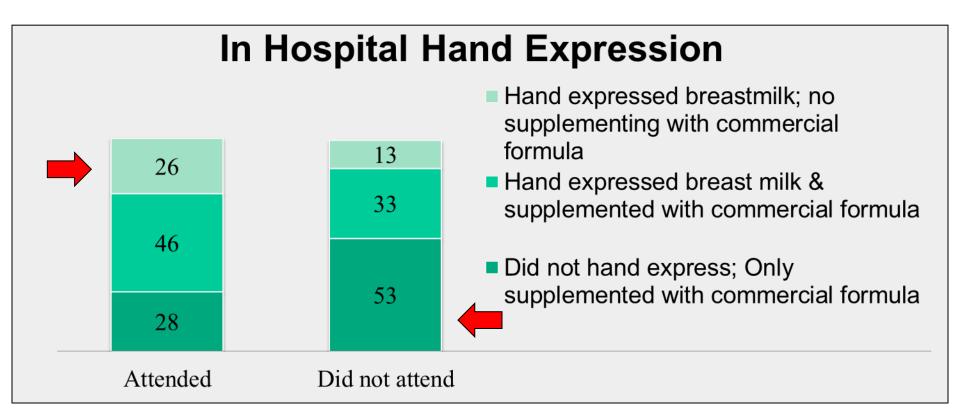
- 60 sessions/ 367 women registered
- 282 clients came to the sessions and approx. 40% came with partners for a total of 395 participants
- 222 referrals to Ottawa Breastfeeding Buddies*
- 39 referrals to Mothercraft Birth and Parent Companion Program*
- Increased direct referral from primary care providers
- 81% reported increased confidence
- 83% reported increased knowledge off community resources and the intention to access them
- 100% client satisfaction



The Collaboration with the Ottawa Hospital increased the exposure of the program rapidly and effectively leading to the majority of referrals.

93% of Phase I referrals were handled through the phone line. Phase II registration is mainly through online registration with the option to contact the phone line for those needing further information and or support.



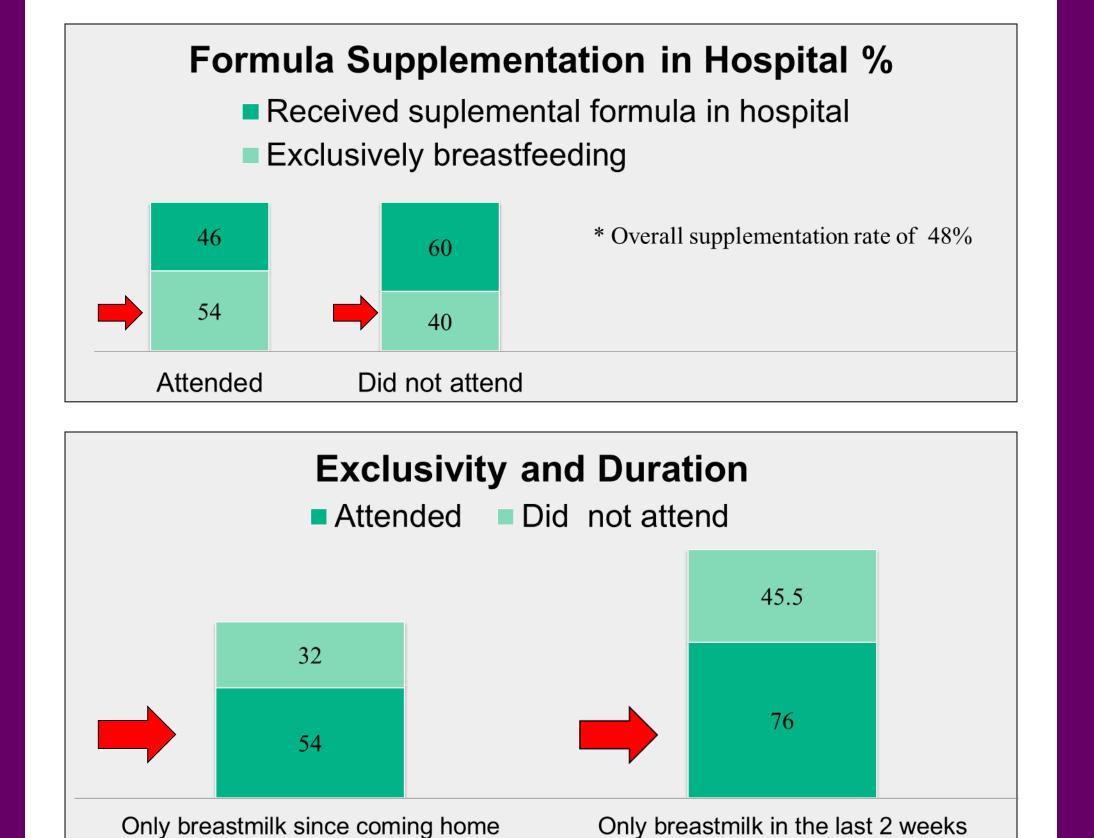


Those who attended the prenatal breastfeeding sessions were more likely to hand express their own breastmilk and not supplement with commercial formula while in hospital









Conclusion

Attending a *prenatal* breastfeeding session correlated

Greater maternal confidence to breastfeed

Longer skin to skin right after birth (in spite of higher cesarean rate)

Lower rates of in hospital supplementation with commercial formula

Greater use of hand expression of breastmilk in hospital

Greater exclusivity of breastfeeding at outtake

Significantly greater duration of breastfeeding at outtake

Acknowledgements

This project was made possible by funds funds provided by the Government of Ontario through Health Nexus.. The views herein represent the views of the author and are not officially endorsed by the Government of Ontario.

registered but who did not attend. This result may reflect the higher risk nature of the clients in attendance.

cesarean birth as opposed to 27% of those who were

Of Note: 38% of those who attended the session had a